Vito can be used as a reducing agent, and aids any therapeutic, massage, or dietetic system of reduction. Rub dry, wrap up in blankets and retire."

DISPOSITION: October 19, 1945. Queen City Supply, claimant, having authorized the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product and circulars were ordered destroyed.

1829. Misbranding of DMC Compound No. 49. U. S. v. 22 Jars of DMC Compound No. 49, and 175 circulars. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16668. Sample No. 2763–H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 5, 1945, Western District of Virginia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 3, 1945, by the Dixie Medicine Corporation, from Charlotte, N. C.

PRODUCT: 22 jars of *DMC Compond No. 49* at Charlottesville, Va., together with 175 circulars entitled "Do You Suffer From Arthritis or Rheumatism?"

Analysis showed that the product contained sodium and potassium salts of tartaric acid, sulfur, sodium salicylate, and licorice.

LABEL, IN PART: "DMC Compound No. 49 A Balanced Formula Intended for the Relief of Muscular Aches and Pains."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the circular were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the article would be effective in the treatment of arthritis and rheumatism, whereas it would not be effective for such purposes.

DISPOSITION: December 3, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product and circulars were ordered destroyed.

1830. Misbranding of G–T Alterative-Nervine. U. S. v. 65 Bottles of G–T Alterative-Nervine. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16670. Sample No. 1011–H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 3, 1945, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 12, 1945, by Ar-Ell Drug Products, from Cleveland, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 65 4-ounce bottles of *G–T Alterative-Nervine* at Atlanta, Ga.

Analysis showed that the article consisted essentially of ammonium chloride, approximately 4½ grains per fluid ounce, gold and sodium chloride, approximately 1/7 grain per fluid ounce, and water.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the label statement "Alterative-Nervine" was false and misleading since the article was not an alterative and would have no effect on the nerves.

DISPOSITION: September 4, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

1831. Misbranding of Ma-Ta Liquid and Ma-Ta Powder. U. S. v. 54 Bottles of Ma-Ta Liquid, 13 Packages of Ma-Ta Powder, and 33 leaflets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. D. C. No. 16700. Sample Nos. 929–H, 930–H.)

LIBEL FILED: July 27, 1945, Southern District of Florida.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: By the Mafoliata Corporation, from Chicago, Ill., on or about April 25, 1945. The leaflets were shipped from Chicago, Ill., on a date unknown.

PRODUCT: 54 1-quart bottles of *Ma-Ta Liquid* and 6 15-gram packages and 7 125-gram packages of *Ma-Ta Powder* at West Palm Beach, Fla., and a number of leaflets entitled "Ma-Ta Mafoliata."

Examination showed that the powder consisted essentially of an extract of plant material, including the alkaloid berberine; and that the liquid consisted essentially of the same substance in water, containing a small proportion of sodium benzoate.

LABEL, IN PART: "Liquid 'Ma-Ta' (Mafoliata)," "Powder Ma-Ta (Mafoliata)," or "Ma-Ta Powder."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the leaflets accompanying the articles were false and misleading since they represented and suggested that the articles would be effective in the treatment of acne, acute septicemia, arthritis, asthma, athlete's foot, abscesses in ear drums, bronchial troubles, burns, cancer, carbuncles, cartilaginous tumors, common colds, constipation, cuts, lacerations, and bruises, diabetes, duodenal ulcers,