DISPOSITION: July 18, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1661. Adulteration of sodium salicylate. U. S. v. 475 Ampuls of Sodium Salicylate. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 16249. Sample No. 31527–H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 26, 1945, Southern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 7, 1944, by the Cheplin Biological Laboratories, Inc., from Syracuse, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 475 ampuls of *sodium salicylate* at Los Angeles, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Ampuls of Sodium Salicylate," a drug the name of which is recognized in the National Formulary, an official compendium, but its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: June 27, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1662. Adulteration of water for injection. U. S. v. 129 Vials of Water for Injection. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 16169. Sample No. 13845–H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 10, 1945, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 14, 1945, by the Cheplin Biological Laboratories, Inc., Syracuse, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 129 vials of *water for injection* at Cleveland, Ohio.

LABEL, IN PART: "100 cc. Size Vial Water for Injection, U. S. P. (Sterile)."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (b), the article purported to be and was represented as "Water for Injection," a drug the name of which is recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia, an official compendium, but its quality and purity fell below the official standard since it was contaminated with undissolved material.

DISPOSITION: June 8, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1663. Adulteration of isopropyl alcohol compound. U. S. v. 35⅚ Dozen Bottles of Isopropyl Alcohol Compound. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 16267. Sample No. 10061–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about June 8, 1945, Northern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 3, 1945, by the Pennex Products Co., Inc., Pittsburgh, Pa.

PRODUCT: 35⅚ dozen bottles of *isopropyl alcohol compound* at Youngstown, Ohio. Analysis showed that the article contained not more than 60 percent by volume of isopropyl alcohol.

LABEL, IN PART: "Hospital Isopropyl Alcohol Compound Isopropyl Alcohol 70% by volume * * * Contents One Pint."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess.

DISPOSITION: June 29, 1945. No claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

**1664. Adulteration and misbranding of Soltan Calcium Water. U. S. v. 278 Bottles of Soltan Calcium Water and a Number of Booklets. Default decree of destruction.** (F. D. C. No. 16077. Sample No. 28380–H.)

LIBEL FILED: May 4, 1945, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 15, 1945, by the Western Pharmacal Co., from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: 278 1-quart bottles of *Soltan Calcium Water* and a stock of booklets entitled "Calcium" at Tacoma, Wash.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 501 (c), the strength of the article differed from that which it was represented to possess since each fluid ounce did not contain 10.17 grains of calcium, as stated on the labeling.

Misbranding, Section 502 (a), certain statements in the labeling were false and misleading.